Package 'trotter'

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Type Package

Title Pseudo-Vectors Containing All Permutations, Combinations and Subsets of Objects Taken from a Vector.

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Description Class definitions and constructors for pseudo-vectors containing all permutations, combinations and subsets of objects taken from a vector. Simplifies working with structures commonly encountered in combinatorics.

Depends methods

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apv

Description

The APV class defines a pseudo-vector containing all the arranged k-amalgams (permutations with replacement) of the objects stored in items. The function apv is a constructor for this class.

Usage

apv(k, items)

Arguments

k	the number of objects taken at a time.
items	a vector of objects to be amalgamated.

Details

The amalgams are arranged according to the order in which the objects appear in items. The arrangement is very similar to that used by the PPV class (see ppv) except that objects are replaced during permutation creation.

Value

an instance of APV.

Author(s)

Richard Ambler

References

Steinhaus-Johnson-Trotter algorithm. (2014, April 29). In *Wikipedia, The Free Encyclopedia*. Re-trieved 13:24, September 5, 2014

See Also

Permutations Pseudo-Vector ppv

Combinations Pseudo-Vector cpv

Selections Pseudo-Vector spv

Subsets Pseudo-Vector sspv

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cpv

Examples

```
# create a pseudo-vector of 10-amalgams from the first 15 letters
a <- apv(10, letters[1:15])
# generate a description
print(a)
# compatable with length
length(a)
# inspect a few of the combinations "stored" in a
a[1]
a[1000000]
a[576650390625]
```

срv

Combinations Pseudo-Vector Constructor

Description

The CPV class defines a pseudo-vector containing all the arranged k-combinations of the objects stored in items. The function cpv is a constructor for this class.

Usage

cpv(k, items)

Arguments

k	the number of objects taken at a time.
items	a vector of objects to be combined.

Details

The combinations are arranged according to the order in which the objects appear in *items*. Combinations containing the first object in *items* are followed by combinations that contain the second object but not the first, which are followed by combinations that contain the third but neither the first or the second, etc.

Value

an instance of CPV.

Author(s)

Richard Ambler

References

Steinhaus-Johnson-Trotter algorithm. (2014, April 29). In Wikipedia, The Free Encyclopedia. Re-trieved 13:24, September 5, 2014

Permutations Pseudo-Vector ppv

Amalgams Pseudo-Vector apv

Selections Pseudo-Vector spv

Subsets Pseudo-Vector sspv

Examples

```
# create a pseudo-vector of 10-combinations from the first 15 letters
c <- cpv(10, letters[1:15])
# generate a description
print(c)
# compatable with length
length(c)
# inspect a few of the combinations "stored" in c
c[1]
c[1000]
c[3003]
```

length, APV-method Amalgams Pseudo-Vector Length

Description

Get the length of an APV instance.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'APV'
length(x)
```

Arguments

x an instance of APV

Details

Since x contains all the k-amalgams of objects in vector items, length(x) will return $length(items) ^ k)$.

Value

the number of amalgams (permutations with replacement) in pseudo-vector x

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Permutations Pseudo-Vector ppv Combinations Pseudo-Vector cpv Selections Pseudo-Vector spv Subsets Pseudo-Vector sspv

length, CPV-method Combinations Pseudo-Vector Length

Description

Get the length of a CPV instance.

Usage

S4 method for signature 'CPV'
length(x)

Arguments

x an instance of CPV

Details

Since x contains all the k-combinations of objects in vector items, length(x) will return choose(length(items), k).

Value

the number of combinations in pseudo-vector x

See Also

Permutations Pseudo-Vector ppv Amalgams Pseudo-Vector apv Selections Pseudo-Vector spv Subsets Pseudo-Vector sspv length, PPV-method Permutations Pseudo-Vector Length

Description

Get the length of a PPV instance.

Usage

S4 method for signature 'PPV'
length(x)

Arguments

x an instance of PPV

Details

Since x contains all the k-permutations of objects in vector items, length(x) will return choose(length(items), k) * factorial(k).

Value

the number of permutations in pseudo-vector x

See Also

Combinations Pseudo-Vector cpv Amalgams Pseudo-Vector apv Selections Pseudo-Vector spv Subsets Pseudo-Vector sspv

length, SPV-method Selections Pseudo-Vector Length

Description

Get the length of an SPV instance.

Usage

S4 method for signature 'SPV'
length(x)

length,SSPV-method

Arguments

х

an instance of SPV

Details

Since x contains all the k-selections of objects in vector items, length(x) will return choose(length(items) + k - 1, k).

Value

the number of selections (combinations with replacement) in pseudo-vector x

See Also

Permutations Pseudo-Vector ppv Combinations Pseudo-Vector cpv Amalgams Pseudo-Vector apv Subsets Pseudo-Vector sspv

length, SSPV-method Subsets Pseudo-Vector Length

Description

Get the length of an SSPV instance.

Usage

S4 method for signature 'SSPV'
length(x)

Arguments

x an instance of SSPV

Details

Since x contains all the subsets of objects in vector items, length(x) will return 2 ^ length(items).

Value

the number of subsets in pseudo-vector x

Permutations Pseudo-Vector ppv Combinations Pseudo-Vector cpv Amalgams Pseudo-Vector apv Selections Pseudo-Vector spv

ppv

Permutations Pseudo-Vector Constructor

Description

The PPV class defines a pseudo-vector containing all the k-permutations of the objects stored in items. The function ppv is a constructor for this class.

Usage

ppv(k, items)

Arguments

k	the number of objects taken at a time.
items	a vector of objects to be permuted.

Details

The arrangement of permutations is similar, but in many cases not identical, to that obtained from the Steinhaus-Johnson-Trotter algorithm (see references).

Value

an instance of PPV.

Author(s)

Richard Ambler

References

Steinhaus-Johnson-Trotter algorithm. (2014, April 29). In *Wikipedia, The Free Encyclopedia*. Re-trieved 13:24, September 5, 2014

See Also

Combinations Pseudo-Vector cpv Amalgams Pseudo-Vector apv Selections Pseudo-Vector spv Subsets Pseudo-Vector sspv spv

Examples

```
# create a pseudo-vector of 5-permutations from the first 10 letters
p <- ppv(5, letters[1:10])
# generate a description
print(p)
# compatable with length
length(p)
# inspect a few of the permutations "stored" in p
p[1]
p[1000]
p[30240]
```

spv

Selections Pseudo-Vector Constructor

Description

The SPV class defines a pseudo-vector containing all the arranged k-selections (combinations with replacement) of the objects stored in items. The function spv is a constructor for this class.

Usage

spv(k, items)

Arguments

k	the number of objects taken at a time.
items	a vector of objects to be selected.

Details

The selections are arranged according to the order in which the objects appear in items. The arrangement is very similar to the arrangement of combinations (see cpv) except that objects may be repeatedly selected.

Value

an instance of SPV.

Author(s)

Richard Ambler

References

Steinhaus-Johnson-Trotter algorithm. (2014, April 29). In Wikipedia, The Free Encyclopedia. Re-trieved 13:24, September 5, 2014

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See Also

Permutations Pseudo-Vector ppv

Combinations Pseudo-Vector cpv

Amalgams Pseudo-Vector apv

Subsets Pseudo-Vector sspv

Examples

```
# create a pseudo-vector of 10-selections from the first 15 letters
s <- spv(10, letters[1:15])
# generate a description
print(s)
# compatable with length
length(s)
# inspect a few of the combinations "stored" in s
s[1]
s[1000]
s[1961256]
```

sspv

Subsets Pseudo-Vector Constructor

Description

The SSPV class defines a pseudo-vector containing all the arranged subsets of the objects stored in items. The function sspv is a constructor for this class.

Usage

sspv(items)

Arguments

items a vector of objects to be subsetted.

Details

The subsets are arranged according to the order in which the objects appear in items. The first subset, containing none of the objects, is NULL.

Value

an instance of SSPV.

Author(s)

Richard Ambler

[,APV-method

See Also

Permutations Pseudo-Vector ppv Combinations Pseudo-Vector cpv Amalgams Pseudo-Vector apv Selections Pseudo-Vector spv

Examples

```
# create a pseudo-vector of subsets from the first 15 letters
ss <- sspv(letters[1:15])
# generate a description
print(ss)
# compatable with length
length(ss)
# inspect a few of the combinations "stored" in ss
sss[1]
sss[1000]
sss[32768]
```

[,APV-method

Retrieve an Amalgam by Index

Description

Access an amalgam (permutation with replacement) stored in an APV instance by index.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'APV'
x[i, j, drop]
```

Arguments

х	an instance of APV.
i	an index specifying the position of the sought amalgam
j	not used.
drop	not used.

Details

The amalgam at index i of pseudo-vector x is not actually stored in memory but calculated as needed. The extract method is used solely for interpretation.

Value

the amalgam located at position i in pseudo-vector x

Permutations Pseudo-Vector ppv Combinations Pseudo-Vector cpv Selections Pseudo-Vector spv Subsets Pseudo-Vector sspv

[,CPV-method

Retrieve a Combination by Index

Description

Access a combination stored in a CPV instance by index.

Usage

S4 method for signature 'CPV'
x[i, j, drop]

Arguments

х	an instance of CPV.
i	an index specifying the position of the sought combination.
j	not used.
drop	not used.

Details

The combination at index i of pseudo-vector x is not actually stored in memory but calculated as needed. The extract method is used solely for interpretation.

Value

the combination located at position i in pseudo-vector x

See Also

Permutations Pseudo-Vector ppv

- Amalgams Pseudo-Vector apv
- Selections Pseudo-Vector spv
- Subsets Pseudo-Vector sspv

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[,PPV-method

Description

Access a permutation stored in a PPV instance by index.

Usage

S4 method for signature 'PPV'
x[i, j, drop]

Arguments

x	an instance of PPV.
i	an index specifying the position of the sought permutation.
j	not used.
drop	not used.

Details

The permutation at index i of pseudo-vector x is not actually stored in memory but calculated as needed. The extract method is used solely for interpretation.

Value

the permutation located at position i in pseudo-vector x

See Also

Combinations Pseudo-Vector cpv

Amalgams Pseudo-Vector apv

Selections Pseudo-Vector spv

Subsets Pseudo-Vector sspv

[,SPV-method

Description

Access a selection (combination with replacement) stored in an SPV instance by index.

Usage

S4 method for signature 'SPV'
x[i, j, drop]

Arguments

x	an instance of SPV.
i	an index specifying the position of the sought selection.
j	not used.
drop	not used.

Details

The selection at index i of pseudo-vector x is not actually stored in memory but calculated as needed. The extract method is used solely for interpretation.

Value

the selection located at position i in pseudo-vector x

See Also

Permutations Pseudo-Vector ppv

Combinations Pseudo-Vector cpv

Amalgams Pseudo-Vector apv

Subsets Pseudo-Vector sspv

[,SSPV-method

Description

Access asubset stored in an SSPV instance by index.

Usage

S4 method for signature 'SSPV'
x[i, j, drop]

Arguments

х	an instance of SSPV.
i	an index specifying the position of the sought amalgam
j	not used.
drop	not used.

Details

The subset at index i of pseudo-vector x is not actually stored in memory but calculated as needed. The extract method is used solely for interpretation.

Value

the subset located at position i in pseudo-vector x

See Also

Permutations Pseudo-Vector ppv Combinations Pseudo-Vector cpv Amalgams Pseudo-Vector apv Selections Pseudo-Vector spv

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